

EXTRA
DOORS OPENED
The Lenox Hill Bank
Resumed Business
This Afternoon.
SEVERAL CHECKS CASHED.

President Jordan Says the Bank
Will Be Solvent by Monday.

Shortly after 2 o'clock this afternoon the doors of the Lenox Hill Bank were opened.

Bank Supt. Preston arrived with \$90,000, and this with all the books was turned over to President Jordan.

Within a few minutes several checks had been paid, none of which were over \$500, and deposits received amounting to nearly \$1,000.

President Jordan made a statement saying that a temporary Board of Directors had been elected, and to-morrow the bank's assets would be examined, and there was no doubt but what the bank would be declared solvent by Monday.

He said that the resignations of President Wallace and other Directors had been accepted, but the resignation of Cashier Van Zandt had not yet been acted upon.

His trusteeship, he said, would close this week, at which time his agreement with depositors would end, and they could withdraw their money if they desired.

There was no sign of life inside the Lenox Hill Bank at 10 o'clock this morning. The small group of depositors who had gathered at the corner of Seventy-third street and Third avenue were discussing the situation gloomily, and had about made up their minds that another inevitable delay would be announced, when Examiner William H. Mellins, Examiner Covell's associate in the investigation of the bank's affairs, hove in sight with a notice printed on a big sheet of brown paper.

As he nailed it up on the storm-door the crowd pressed eagerly about him. It was as follows:

To the Depositors of the Lenox Hill Bank: Your affairs are in such shape that the bank will probably be opened to-day.

H. C. COVELL,
Chief State Bank Examiner.

The announcement was received with great enthusiasm, and after congratulating themselves that everything was coming out all right the crowd separated. Newcomers read the notice and hastened over to Real Estate Agent Anderson's office, which is the headquarters for information to find out more about the good news.

Examiner Mellins was there to answer questions, but he could not give much information.

"I am expecting Mr. Covell uptown every minute," he said. "All I know is that he said that the bank would be opened to-day, and that he had received this morning \$398,000 of cancelled liabilities of the Lenox Hill Bank."

As the deficit was only \$181,000 according to Mr. Covell's estimate, this cancellation completely wipes out that item, and leaves \$117,000 with which to make the capital stock good, and pay off depositors. The capital stock is \$100,000.

By whom were these cancelled evidences of debt transferred to Mr. Covell?

That do not know, but I suppose Mr. Jordan did it. They are all downtown now, ready to oppose any motion that may be made for the appointment of a receiver.

Has Supt. Preston given his consent that the bank shall be opened?

I don't know that, but I suppose he will if he is satisfied that the bank is solvent, which it will be if these \$398,000 in liabilities are extinguished.

What was the nature of the liabilities cancelled, were they the certified checks that have been spoken of?

I cannot answer that question. It is sufficient for the depositors to know that the liabilities have been reduced to that extent. We cannot go into every particular of the transaction.

WHO GAVE UP THE MONEY.

It was impossible to ascertain this morning who had advanced money to take up these bad checks and other liabilities that have been cancelled. It was rumored that an additional sum of \$25,000 in cash would be required before the bank could be opened, but as Mr. Jordan had not put in an appearance up to 11.30 o'clock no one could tell just what was going to be done.

Little was known about the forenoon in Mr. Anderson's office, waiting the arrival of Mr. Covell, or some one who could speak with authority.

MEMBERS IN HOT WATER.

The examination of the officers of the Commercial National Bank to reveal what liabilities belonging to James A. Simmons the bank holds was called before Judge Patterson in the Supreme Court this morning.

This case against Simmons grows out of a claim of Anna C. Clark, who holds a judgment against Simmons, his wife, and children for \$18,754. Simmons's handsome residence on Seventy-second street and his carriages and two horses are now in the hands of the sheriff.

The plaintiff is for a deficiency in the fore-

closure of a second mortgage on the stock farm at Sea Island, N. Y., which Simmons bought from C. P. Huntington.

Simmons made a bad bargain with the famous Hunt and it is believed that he is the lumber merchant, who disappeared about two years ago, and who assumed the mortgage. If the matter is settled as agreed upon Simmons will own two-thirds of the mortgage.

The case was adjourned until Wednesday.

CLARENCE NOT YET FREE.

Bank Wrecker Peter J. Claassen made his regular daily trip from Ludlow Street Jail to the United States Marshal's office in the Post-Office building this morning, arriving in company with two United States deputy marshals at 10.15 o'clock.

His faithful wife met him, and the usual affectionate greetings were exchanged.

Claassen's wife qualified as his surety for \$25,000 yesterday, and he hopes to-day to find another surety for \$5,000, his bill being fixed at \$30,000. His examination will be begun at 1 p. m. to-morrow, before U. S. Commissioner Shildie.

Bank Wrecker Peter's examination has been adjourned until next Thursday, at 11 a. m.

ELECTING LENOX HILL OFFICERS.

A meeting of stockholders of the Lenox Hill Bank was held at the office of the Western National Bank in the Equitable Building this afternoon for the election of a President and Board of Directors of the Lenox Hill.

There was no opposition to the election of Conrad N. Jordan as President.

After the meeting Mr. Jordan started uptown to open the bank. He was accompanied by Superintendent Preston of the State Banking Department.

Cashier Smith of the Western National Bank, Mr. Woolf of the committee representing the depositors, and Lawyer Goodheart.

Cashier Smith carried a hand valise, in which were funds sufficient to reopen the bank.

It was just 1.50 o'clock when the party left the bank and President Jordan said that it was his intention to begin business this afternoon.

"I have been elected President," he said, and have enough money to begin operations to-morrow.

I intend to pay off all claims against the bank, which have not already been assigned to me."

ROBBED THE JOSS HOUSE.

Chinatown Excited Over the Burglary of the Mott Street Temple.

When old Ah Chung, the venerable and venerated guardian of the Joss house at 16 Mott street, entered the temple at an early hour this morning he was surprised and shocked to see the form of a Melican man crouching under the altar.

"What you want here? Get out!" ejaculated the old man, horrified at the sacrilege.

Then before his astonished eyes rose a long, powerful figure, which at once assumed a belligerent attitude. The stranger was much bigger than Chung, and evidently bent on mischief. Chung realized that he was no match for the intruder, and ran for help.

The old man searched vainly for some one to aid him in expelling the cowardly intruder. Fearing that damage might be done in his absence, Chung returned to the temple and met the stranger in the door, just walking off with a silver urn under his arm. This urn was the most valuable piece of property that Joss possessed, and the sight of its spoliation moved the old guardian to desperation.

He grappled the thief, but was struck on the head with a piece of iron, and fell senseless. As he lay on the floor his assailant kicked him in the eye, injuring him severely.

By this time the alarm had spread, and scores of Chinamen flocked to the scene. Just then the accomplice of the burglarious character entered from the back bearing a valuable vase, with which he managed to escape. Chung's assailant was kept very busy by the crowd for a few moments, but finally got away, leaving the silver urn behind him.

A policeman came on the scene then, and he took lattered old Ah Chung to the Chinatown hospital, where it was ascertained that his eye was probably ruined for life.

After a short search made by the police, Chung's assailant was captured. He was a Chinaman named Burns, but would say nothing as to his companion. Burns is known to the officers of the precinct as a tough character, and was much feared by the Chinamen. At the Tombs Court he was fully identified by Ah Chung, and he was held for examination. The police are on the track of his fellow thief.

Chinatown is greatly excited over the burglary of the Joss House, and the Celestials are loud in praise of the faithful guardian of the temple. The old man is in a bad way, having been much injured by the blows and kicks of his assailant.

170 OF THE DEAD ARE FOUND.

The Growing Horror of the Mine Disaster at Abersychan.

(DUBLIN CALL BY SPECIAL.)

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The work of digging out the wrecked colliery at Abersychan has been much expedited by the restoration of ventilation in the shafts.

At this time 130 dead bodies have been found, and it is believed there are more yet in the mine.

The horror and grief spread through the little town by the terrible occurrence cannot be described.

Everywhere there are weeping and wailing women and children, whose husbands, brothers and fathers perished in the pit.

Among the bodies last found were those of a stalwart miner and his five sons, who had managed to get beyond the reach of the flames.

They were lying in a group, the six men having perished from suffocation without a mark of fire.

A number of men engaged in hunting for bodies have overcome by the ghastly spectacles presented and have had to desist.

LATER.—The number of bodies brought out is increased to 170.

Young & Sons' "Acme" Machine Piston

and piston rods of all sizes. All complete, and

FOR A BOOKSTAVEN INQUIRY.

The Assembly Empowers Its Judiciary Committee to Go Ahead.

The Judge's Connection with the Flack Case to Be Looked Up.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)

ALBANY, Feb. 7.—Mr. Acker (Rep.) of Stenben County, sprung the following resolution upon the Assembly this morning:

Resolved, That the Judiciary Committee be authorized to investigate the connection of Judge Bookstaver with the Flack divorce case, and to report thereon to the Assembly.

However, Public charges have been made against Judge Bookstaver in the Flack divorce case, and the Judiciary Committee of the City of New York has appointed a sub-committee to investigate the same.

On motion of Mr. Blumenthal, the power to employ counsel was taken from the Committee, but it was restored on Mr. Acker's plea, after a somewhat spicy debate, and the resolution went through.

Mr. Blumenthal thought the Committee being composed of eleven able lawyers, should need no further counsel.

Other members, including Mr. Acker, thought the Committee should act as a jury, rather than counsel, and not be obliged to act in any way as to bias its judgment.

The cost of counsel figured in the discussion, and Mr. Tull Sullivan offered, incidentally, to furnish the Committee all the lawyers it wanted at \$45 a day, and good ones, too.

The Committee is expected to begin its investigations next week, and Mr. Acker expects there will be gathered some valuable points for new divorce laws.

FOUND BRUTALLY BEATEN.

Bridge Policeman Lally Accused of Wanton Assault.

Policemen Messell, of the Second Precinct, Brooklyn, lying on the sidewalk to-day while patrolling his beat at 3.30 this morning he heard loud cries of "Police," proceeding from Washington street, near Concord, not far from the Bridge Police Station.

He ran to the spot in time to see Bridge Policeman Lally assaulting, and found a Chinaman lying on the sidewalk, bleeding profusely from three wounds in the head.

The injured man was removed to the Second Precinct Station-House in Fulton street, where Surgeon Roman attended him, and under his arm.

Mr. Lally was taken to his home at 147 Concord street.

To Officer Messell, Chambers said that he met Lally, the bridge policeman, who was a stranger to him, and the latter began to strike him with a club or the butt of a revolver without any cause or provocation.

Sergeant Coleman, of the Second Precinct, stationed at the Bridge Police Office that Lally was off duty at the time Chambers was beaten.

Chambers is still in hospital. No action has been taken against Lally. He was not to be found at the Bridge Police Station this morning.

JUST ESCAPED CREMATION.

Fiendish Attempt at Murder by Two Newark Women.

Edward Adams, a young negro living at 27 Turn street, Newark, last night had sworn out a warrant for the arrest of Margaret Nevins and Lizzie Slocum, also called under the name of "Lizzie Adams."

In his complaint Adams stated that on Wednesday night the women entered his house, and he was forced to flee.

The oldest son of Adams, and Adams was only saved from death by the providential entrance of a neighbor. His body was badly injured.

Both women were arrested this morning.

FOR A GREAT REGATTA.

The World's First Oarman to Be Gathered at Duluth.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)

DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 7.—The announcement was made last evening by Edward Hansen that the Duluth Boat Club has completed arrangements for an international boat-racing regatta to be held at Duluth, on St. Louis Bay, next August, at which time \$10,000 in cash prizes will be awarded.

The following names will be in attendance: Edward Hansen, Captain, O'Connor, Captain, Ten Eyck, Hamm and Courtney, Captains, Huber and Perkins, of England; Stanforth, of Australia; Kemp, of New Zealand; and Nelson, of Australia.

The racing events will be single, doubles and trios.

Hansen will row any man in these waters for the world's championship, and a purse of \$5,000 will be raised for that event.

GEN. TRACY'S CONVALESCENCE.

He and Mrs. Wimerding Are Progressing Rapidly.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Secretary Tracy and Mrs. Wimerding are rapidly convalescing.

The Secretary expects to resume his duties on Monday.

President and Mrs. Harrison and Vice-President and Mrs. Morton, and all the families of the Cabinet, have recalled all invitations for social events that were issued for the present season.

Jail Instead of a Grave.

Frederick Loeschold, who attempted suicide by shooting himself through the breast in Central Park Jan. 30, was arraigned at Cityville Court this morning and held for trial.

See The Saturday Press, a case family very poor for a while, a sad and sad case.

Herk's will's friend.

Vincent, Feb. 7. A sad and sad case. It is the best for a while by leading a good life.

BOODLERS FORMALLY FREED.

Indictments Against Richmond and Kerr Dismissed by the Recorder.

Good News for the Aldermanic Colony Over the Border.

Members of the thirteen Aldermen's combine of 1884, and those who were concerned in the \$500,000 corruption business which brought about the granting by the Board of Aldermen of the Broadway Railway franchise, will all now rest easier, and Keenan, Moloney, Dempsey & Co., of Montreal, may return to New York.

The twenty-two indictments found against James H. Richmond four years ago and the twenty against Thomas B. Kerr have been dismissed.

John H. Bird for Kerr, and Homer A. Nelson and Frank Duignan for Richmond, moved the dismissal of the indictments a month ago, and Col. Fellows offered no opposition. Recorder Smyth, this afternoon, said his decision dismissing the indictments.

Kerr was indicted twenty-one times for bribing Aldermen. He was tried twice for bribing Alderman Ludolph A. Fullgraf. The jury disagreed the first time and acquitted him on the second trial.

Richmond was indicted twenty-two times, but has never been tried, and the Recorder says that he exercises the power conferred by statute and dismisses the indictments, because, though Richmond has been constantly ready for trial from the beginning, and Kerr ever since the last trial, Fellows has not brought them to the speedy trial which the Constitution requires as the right of every accused person.

Fullgraf and Duffy confessed and Aldermen Jaehue, O'Neill and McQuade were convicted.

Jaehue and O'Neill are in Sing Sing Prison for receiving bribes. Duffy is in New York City, and has been indicted for Sharp & Co. McQuade has been indicted for a new trial.

Aldermen Kenney and McLaughlin indicted under indictments of Dempsey and two others fled the country, while a jury disagreed on the trial of Thomas Cleary, and the others have never been brought to trial.

GRAIN IN CROKER'S CHAIR.

Mayor Grant's Youthful Appointee Installed as City Chamberlain.

Chamberlain Thomas Crowell Taylor Crain was at his office, in the Stewart Building, bright and early this morning, but at that time he was not Chamberlain, nor could the office properly be called his.

His bond for \$500,000 had not been filed with the Comptroller, and until it was Mr. Crain could not qualify by taking the oath of office.

This he did shortly before noon, all of the sureties to his bond having signed and justified in double the amounts for which they assumed responsibility.

Mr. Crain's bondsmen are the same who vouched for his predecessor's (Mr. Croker's) honesty and integrity, and they become surety for Chamberlain Crain's honorable administration of the office in the following names:

John D. Crimmins, \$100,000
James E. Keadar, 100,000
John McQuade, 100,000
Edward J. Sullivan, 100,000
James H. Platt, 50,000
David Davis, 50,000

With reference to the personnel of the office, Mr. Crain said that he will make no changes whatever. W. W. Ladd, Jr., will be continued as Deputy Chamberlain, and the force of clerks and accountants under Chamberlain Croker will be continued under his administration.

The story that Mr. Crain was appointed simply to stop the gap during Mr. Croker's absence was refuted by the latter's statement that under no circumstances will he again assume the duties of the office of the Chamberlain, and that Mr. Crain's appointment is permanent.

A friend of Mr. Croker said to-day that he is informed by the ex-Chamberlain that on his return from Europe he proposed to enter into some business, his health permitting.

Mayor Grant to-day echoed Mr. Croker's statement that Crain's is not an emergency appointment.

"The office requires to be filled by a man of undoubted honesty and integrity, and I know that Mr. Crain possesses those qualifications in the highest degree. I also desired to appoint a man thoroughly acquainted with the finances of the city, and I know of none who is more familiar with them than he."

"Then, too, the Sinking Fund Commission is built about the Chamberlain, and Mr. Crain will prove a most invaluable member of that body."

"Above all, I wish no blot on my administration through the maladministration of the office of the Chamberlain, and I am positive that there will be none with Mr. Crain in that office."

Concerning the statement that there is a movement on foot on the part of Tammany Hall to abolish the office of City Chamberlain, Mayor Grant would not talk.

It is well known, however, that the Mayor has expressed himself on this subject in connection with the Sinking Fund, which he would like to abolish or reduce to a minimum. This was known as the done in seven years, and when it is done much of the necessity for the continuance of the office of Chamberlain will have vanished.

The City Chamberlain is an old institution, peculiar to New York City, the first one having been appointed in 1801. Prior to that time the office was known as the City Treasurer, and before the days of the City Treasurer the funds were under the control of the Mayor and were checked out by the Mayor's clerks.

There were the days immediately succeeding the days of Dutch rule in old New Amsterdam when the Burgomasters looked after the money.

See The Saturday Press, a case family very poor for a while, a sad and sad case.

Herk's will's friend.

Vincent, Feb. 7. A sad and sad case. It is the best for a while by leading a good life.

HANDS OFF!

Gov. Hill Warns Politicians Not to Meddle with the Fair Bill.

He is Ready to Sign It as Originally Presented.

The Citizens' Committee Was Indorsed by the People.

Delaying the Bill May Rob New York of the Fair.

A Ringing Message from the Executive to the Legislature.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)

ALBANY, Feb. 7.—The Assembly has just received the following:

STATE OF NEW YORK,
EXECUTIVE CHAMBER.
ALBANY, Feb. 7, 1890.

To the Legislature:

The measure known as the "World's Fair bill," agreed upon by the Citizens' Committee, of New York City, was presented to both houses of the Legislature two weeks ago.

It was a measure which had been carefully prepared by able lawyers and one which seemed to meet public approbation.

The names of the Commissioners proposed in the bill, while nominally selected by the Mayor, had been virtually agreed upon by the public-spirited and liberal citizens of New York, who inaugurated the patriotic movement for a World's Fair.

Their selection met with universal approval. They were chosen not on account of their political affiliations, but by reason of their high character and business standing in the community.

There was no suggestion, at the time, that political considerations had in the least influenced the composition of the original committee, nor has there been any such intimation until within the past ten days.

Its members have been working together harmoniously and satisfactorily during the past five months, with credit to themselves and honor to the City of New York.

Through their exertions over five millions of dollars have been voluntarily subscribed for the Fair, and it is clear that the public expected and desired a continuance of this Committee in charge of the work.

It is entirely immaterial what the political sentiments of a majority of the Committee may be.

It is sufficient to know that the members were fairly chosen and were practically selected by the citizens of New York themselves, and any change by the Legislature would naturally be regarded as a reflection upon the original committee and its proceedings.

It is greatly to be regretted that the bill in its original shape was not promptly passed by the Legislature.

Every day is important, and it is feared, with reason, that the delay which has already occurred may prevent favorable action at Washington.

The friends of New York at the National Capital are anxiously awaiting the action of this Legislature.

Further delays are dangerous.

It is perhaps needless to recite the unfortunate controversies which have occupied the attention of the Legislature during the past two weeks in the effort to add new names to the Committee.

The bill first passed the Assembly with but one dissenting vote, and without any attempt to change the Commissioners named therein or to add others.

A public hearing was had upon the bill in the Senate, but at such hearing no one ventured to suggest that any addition to the Commissioners was desired by anybody.

It was not until the Special Senate Committee reported the bill, with the addition of twenty-two new Commissioners, that the public was aware that an addition was in contemplation.

It is submitted that no good reason has been urged why this addition should be made.

There was no popular sentiment demanding a change.

No prominent citizen had publicly advocated it.

No complaint whatever had been made of the non-pardon actions of the Committee.

The additional Commissioners whose names have been proposed were not asking to be named, and some of them had taken no interest in the Fair and had not contributed a dollar to its success.

It is extremely unfortunate that such question should have arisen to disturb the harmony of New York's efforts to secure the Fair and to endanger their success.

I appeal to the Legislature to lay aside political considerations and to pass the bill as it was originally presented.

I am ready promptly to approve the result to stand upon the bill as presented.

WELL, THIS IS A COMFORTABLE CHAIR!



Those who seek to change or add to the incorporation must assume the responsibility.

It is Thomas C. Platt has any supporters or friends in his attempt to force politics into the World's Fair matter they do not make themselves apparent in New York City. On the contrary, Mr. Platt's ears must tingle uncomfortably these days for he is the object at which the anathemas of every group of citizens are being hurled.

Dr. Depew suggested, daily that there was, perhaps, one chance left for the World's Fair. Perhaps that chance has begun to glimmer on the low horizon of hope in a resolution passed by the New York City Woman Suffrage League, addressed to the Legislature, and calling the attention of the Depew-Platt wranglers at Albany to the fact that women have no votes, no politics, and suggesting that the names of 103 women be substituted for those of 103 men named as the original World's Fair Commissioners.

Those who seek to change or add to the incorporation must assume the responsibility.

It must be conceded that the attempt to ingraft upon it the names of additional Commissioners imperils the final success of the measure.

The importance of the measure, the urgent necessity for its speedy enactment into a law, the great benefits likely to be conferred upon the State and country by the securing of a World's Fair in New York City, all demand that merely partisan or personal considerations should be waived in an honest effort to pass the bill that is satisfactory to the contributors who, by their generosity, have made possible the realization of this laudable undertaking.

The highest compliment which can be made to the Committee's bill is the fact that after two weeks' discussion in the Legislature no amendments aside from that providing for new Commissioners have been suggested, except a few trifling changes of phraseology and detail.

Careful reflection has indicated the wisdom of the bill in its entirety, and affords additional argument for its acceptance substantially as it was presented to the Legislature.

The citizens of New York City are not asking the State for a dollar of money, but they simply desire legal authority under which a World's Fair can properly be held at their own expense; and they desire the privilege of naming their own Commissioners to expend their money.

It is respectfully submitted that they should be given that privilege.